## Knowledge Organiser - Maths

Key Vocabulary:
Fractions

## numerator

| denominator |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| unit fraction |  |



To find a fraction eighths of 56 :

$$
\begin{array}{llll}
\frac{1}{8} \text { of } 56=7 & \frac{2}{8} \text { of } 56=14 & \frac{3}{8} \text { of } 56=21 & \frac{4}{8} \text { of } 56=28 \\
\frac{5}{8} \text { of } 56=35 & \frac{6}{8} \text { of } 56=42 & \frac{7}{8} \text { of } 56=49 & \frac{8}{8} \text { of } 56=56
\end{array}
$$

$\frac{1}{3}+\frac{1}{3}=\frac{2}{3}$
$\frac{1}{4}$ of $20=5 \quad \frac{2}{4}$ of $20=10 \quad \frac{3}{4}$ of $20=15 \quad \frac{4}{4}$ of $20=20$
whole
halves

| thirds |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| quarters |  |
| fifths |  |
| sixths |  |
| sevenths |  |
| eighths |  |
| ninths |  |
| tenths |  |

elevenths
twelfths

## Fractions families



## Subtracting fractions

$$
\frac{3}{4}-\frac{2}{4}=\frac{1}{4}
$$



